## SUMMARY OF ACTS

#### Acts 1

Ascension of Christ Selection of Matthias to succeed Judas

## Acts 2

Baptism of Holy Spirit on Pentecost The first sermon under the gospel by Peter The establishment of the church

## Acts 3

Healing of the lame man by Peter and John Peter's second sermon

## Acts 4

Peter and John arrested and brought before the Sanhedrin Peter's third sermon, before the Sanhedrin Peter and John released and returned to the disciples The disciples' prayer of faith The disciples' sacrifices of benevolence

## Acts 5

Ananias and Sapphira Apostolic miracles The apostles arrested by the Jews and miraculously released Gamaliel's advice concerning Christianity before the Sanhedrin

#### Acts 6

The problem of the Grecian widows The arrest of Stephen

Acts 7 Stephen's defense and martyrdom

#### Acts 8

Persecution of the church by Saul Philip preaching in Samaria Simon the sorcerer Reception of Holy Spirit gifts through the laying on of the hands of Peter and John Conversion of the Ethiopian eunuch

#### SUMMARY OF ACTS

#### Acts 9

Conversion of Saul of Tarsus Healing of Aeneas by Peter Raising of Dorcas (Tabitha) from the dead by Peter

## Acts 10

Conversion of Cornelius

### Acts 11

Peter's justification of the conversion of Cornelius Saul (Paul) brought to Antioch by Barnabas Famine predicted by Agabus

### Acts 12

Martyrdom of James Arrest of Peter by Agrippa I and miraculous release The horrible death of Herod Agrippa I

#### Acts 13

First evangelistic tour begins at Antioch The blinding of Elymas on Cyprus Paul's address at Antioch

## Acts 14

Paul's flight from Iconium The healing of the impotent man at Lystra Paul and Barnabas called gods at Lystra Paul stoned at Lystra Conclusion of first journey

## Acts 15

Jerusalem discussion concerning circumcision Second evangelistic tour begins (verse 36) Disputation concerning John Mark

## Acts 16

Paul's vision at Troas Conversion of Lydia at Philippi The soothsaying maiden cleansed Arrest of Paul and Silas Conversion of the jailor

# Acts 17

Paul and Silas at Thessalonica Paul's speech on Mars Hill in Athens

## SUMMARY OF ACTS

## Acts 18

Paul with Aquila and Priscilla at Corinth Completion of the second tour (verse 22) Conversion of Apollos at Ephesus

## Acts 19

Conversion of the twelve disciples of John Paul at Ephesus Demetrius', the silversmith, opposition to Paul

## Acts 20

Paul's trip through Greece Paul's farewell speech to the Ephesian elders at Miletus

## Acts 21

Completion of the third tour (verse 16) Paul's arrest in Jerusalem

## Acts 22

Paul's defense including his own account of his conversion before the people of Jerusalem Paul's appeal to his Roman citizenship in the face of scourging

Acts 23 Paul before the Sanhedrin Paul sent to Caesarea

Acts 24 Paul before Felix

Acts 25 Paul before Festus

Acts 26 Paul before Herod Agrippa II

Acts 27 The voyage to Rome The shipwreck

Acts 28 Paul on Melita with the barbarians Continuation of the trip Paul at Rome two years

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## ACTS OF THE APOSTLES INTRODUCTION

**Introduction:** We are now studying a book of history. This book tells of the final instruction of Jesus to the apostles; His ascension; the descent of the promised Holy Spirit on the 12 apostles at Pentecost; the forming of the church in Jerusalem; other cases of conversion; the ministry of Philip, Peter, John and others; the missionary journeys of Paul; and in general the history of the early church.

**Author:** Acts is designed as a sequel to the book of Luke. The author addresses the book to Theophilus (Acts 1:1). The Gospel of Luke is also addressed to Theophilus (Luke 1:1-4). This shows that the "former treatise" of Acts 1:1 is the book of Luke and that Luke is the author of Acts. Luke was a companion and fellow-worker with Paul. Note the "we" sections of the book (Acts 16:10-17; 20:6-16, for example. Also note II Timothy 4:11; Philemon 24). Luke is referred to as "the beloved physician" (Colossians 4:14).

**Date:** The book ends with Paul in prison in Rome, kept there two years awaiting trial. If the trial before Caesar took place, if it resulted in acquittal or conviction, the book closes without a word on the subject. The indication is that Luke wrote the last sentence of Acts at the close of the two years imprisonment which he mentions.

Let us note a few definite dates upon which we base a chronology:

- 1. Death of Herod, 44 A.D. (Acts 12).
- History shows that Festus was sent to Judea when Felix was recalled in the year 60 A.D. (Acts 24:27)
- 3. Paul's arrest two years previous was at Pentecost, 58 A.D.
- 4. His departure to Rome was in the fall of 60 A.D.
- 5. Reached Rome in spring of 61 A.D.
- 6. Narrative closes in the spring of 63 A.D.

Therefore, the book was probably written around 63 A.D. from Rome. The book covers the ascension of Christ to the imprisonment of Paul, 30-63 A.D., thirty three years of history.

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# ACTS OF THE APOSTLES OUTLINE

- I. The church in Jerusalem, 1:1 7:60
  - A. Preparation for the work, 1:1-26
  - B. Events of Pentecost, 2:1-47.
  - C. The church unfolding in miracles and enduring persecution, 3:1-4:47.
  - D. The church unfolding in power, 5:1-16.
  - E. The church caring for Grecian widows, 6:1-8.
  - F. The church struggling and scattering, 6:8 8:4.
- II. The church in Judea and Samaria, 8:4 12:25.
  - A. Philip evangelizes Samaria, 8:5-25.
  - B. The new apostle of the Gentiles called, 9:1-30.
  - C. Gentile induction, 10:1 11:30.
  - D. The triumph over Herod's persecution, 12:1-25.
- III. The church in the uttermost part of the earth, 13:1 28:31.
  - A. The first missionary journey, 13:1 14:28.
  - B. The trouble over circumcision, and the Jerusalem meeting, 15:1-35.
  - C. The second missionary journey, 15:36 18:22.
  - D. The third missionary journey, 18:23 21:16.
  - E. The voyage to Rome, 21:17 28:31.

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#### **SUMMARIZE:**

1:1-5: 1:6-11: 1:12-14: 1:15-26:

# **IDENTIFY THE PEOPLE:**

Theophilus: Apostles: John: Men of Galilee: Mary: Peter: Judas: Joseph called Barsabbas surnamed Justus: Matthias:

#### **IDENTIFY THE PLACES:**

Jerusalem: Jerusalem, Judea, Samaria and uttermost part of the earth: Mt. Olivet: Akeldama:

- 1. Who wrote the book of Acts?
- 2. To whom is it addressed?
- 3. What did the gospel of Luke concern?
- 4. How long was Jesus on the earth after his resurrection?
- 5. What did Jesus do during this time?
- 6. Why were the apostles to remain in Jerusalem?
- 7. What question did the apostles ask Jesus?
  - a. How did Jesus answer them?

- 8. When would the apostles receive the promise of the Father?
- 9. Where were they to be His witnesses?
- 10. How will Jesus come again?
- 11. How far was it from Jerusalem to Mount Olivet?
- 12. What were the disciples doing in the upper chamber?
- 13. Who was the subject of Peter's speech?
- 14. What prophet spoke of the things Peter mentions?
- 15. How many were gathered together as Peter spoke?
- 16. What field was purchased with the reward of iniquity?
- 17. What were the qualifications of an apostle?
- 18. Who were the candidates to fill the place of Judas?
- 19. Who chose which one would become an apostle?
  - a. How was this shown?
- 20. Who was selected to become an apostle?

#### **SUMMARIZE:**

2:1-4: 2:5-13: 2:14-36: 2:37-42: 2:43-47:

**IDENTIFY THE PEOPLE:** 

Multitude: Peter: Joel: David: Jesus:

**IDENTIFY THE PLACES:** 

Jerusalem: Hades:

- 1. What was the "day of Pentecost"? 2:1 cf. Leviticus 23:15-16.
- 2. What suddenly happened as they were together? 2:1-3.
- 3. With what were they all filled? 2:4.
- 4. To whom had this been promised? John 15:26, 16:13; Luke 24:33, 49.
- 5. In what way did the apostles speak, and what caused them to do so? 2:4.
  - a. Was the miracle on the tongues of those speaking or the ears of those hearing? 2:4-8.
  - b. What does the Bible mean when it speaks of "speaking in tongues"?
- 6. Why did a crowd come together? 2:5.
- 7. What amazed the crowd? 2:6-7.
- 8. What did the people say they were speaking about? 2:11.
- 9. What were two reactions to what the crowd heard? 2:12-13.
- 10. Whose sermon is recorded in Acts 2 beginning with verse 14? Explain the promise made in Matthew 16:18-19.

- 11. Whom did Peter address? 2:14.
- 12. What charges are denied by Peter? 2:15.
- 13. How does Peter explain the events of that morning? 2:16.
- 14. Identify the "Last Days." 2:17; cf. Hebrews 1:1-2.
- 15. Who was the subject of Peter's sermon? 2:22.
- 16. What did they do by the hand of "lawless men"? 2:24.
- 17. What did David prophecy about the Lord? 2:25-28.
- 18. What had God sworn to David? 2:30.
- 19. What was David speaking of? Explain. 2:31.
- 20. What does Peter affirm concerning the prophecy of David? 2:32; cf. Acts 1:8.
- 21. What other statement of David did Peter quote? 2:34-35. What is the point of this scripture?
- 22. In concluding his sermon, what does Peter accuse them of? 2:36.a. How do they react to this? 2:37.
- 23. What did they ask and why? 2:37 Did they believe what they had heard?
- 24. What did Peter tell them to do? 2:38 WHY?
- 25. How does God "call" people to him. 2:39. cf. 2 Thessalonians 2:14.
- 26. What was the response of those who received Peter's words? 2:41
- 27. These continued in what? 2:42.
- 28. WHO had all things common and WHY? 2:44-45.
- 30. What did they do in the temple? at home? 2:46.
- 31. Who did the adding to the church? Who did he add? 2:47.

#### THINK:

In what way was Jesus "delivered up by the determinate counsel and foreknowledge of God"?
2:23 cf. Ephesians 3:11.

#### **SUMMARIZE:**

3:1-10: 3:11-26:

**IDENTIFY THE PEOPLE:** 

Peter and John: Certain lame man: Prince of life: Pilate: Moses:

## **IDENTIFY THE PLACES:** Beautiful: Solomon's porch:

- 1. Who was going up to the temple and at what hour? verse 1
- 2. What did they find at the door of the temple? verse 2
- 3. What did this man ask for and what did Peter say to him? verses 3-6
- 4. What happened to this man? verse 7
- 5. What was this man doing as he entered the temple? verse 8
- 6. What effect did this have on the people? verses 9-10
- 7. To whom does Peter give the credit for what was done? verses 12-16; cf. verse 6
- 8. What does Peter accuse these Jews of? verses 13-15
- 9. What reason did Peter recognize as contributing to their crime? verse 17
- 10. Were they justified by that reason?
- 11. What does Peter affirm concerning the prophets? verse 18
- 12. What did Peter tell these people to do? verse 19

- 13. What does Peter further say about Jesus? verses 20-21
- 14. What prophecy did Moses speak that is mentioned by Peter? verses 22-23; please give OT reference\_\_\_\_\_.
- 15. What would happen to those who will not listen to the prophet Moses spoke of? verse 23
- 16. Who among the prophets spoke of these days? verse 24.
- 17. How does Peter identify these people? verse 25.
- 18. What promise does Peter remind them of? vs 25
- 19. How was Christ to bless or be of benefit to them? verse 26.

## THINK:

- 1. Compare Peter's sermon in Acts 2 with this one in Acts 3.
- 2. Compare Acts 17:30 with Acts 3:17. What must we conclude about ignorance of God's law? Is it an excuse for disobedience?
- 3. What is the "seasons of refreshing" described in verse 19?

#### **SUMMARIZE:**

4:1-4: 4:5-12: 4:13-22: 4:23-31: 4:32-35: 4:36-37:

## **IDENTIFY THE PEOPLE:**

Annas: Caiaphas: John: Alexander: Peter: Herod: Pontius Pilate: Gentiles: Peoples of Israel: Joseph:

# **IDENTIFY THE PLACES:**

Jerusalem:

# **QUESTIONS:**

- 1. Who were the Sadducees and what did they believe?
- 2. What were Peter and John teaching these people?
- 3. What Old Testament Law were these Jews observing when they put Peter and John in ward until the next day?

List OT passage\_\_\_\_\_

- 4. What group of people were responsible to examine Peter and John?
- 5. What question did they ask Peter and John?

6.	As Peter began to answer he was filled with the Holy Spirit.
	What promise did this fulfill? List passage
7.	In what name did Peter and John heal the impotent man?
	a. How did Peter describe this one?
8.	What had these Jews done with Jesus?
9.	Where is salvation found? Learn this passage
10.	After noting the boldness of Peter and John what did these Jews conclude about them?
11.	Could these Jews deny what had been done through these apostles?
12.	What did these Jews charge Peter and John to do?
13.	What was their answer to this charge?
14.	How old was the man who was healed?
15.	What did the apostles do when they were united?
16.	What happened when they prayed?
17.	What did the multitudes who believed do?
18.	What did the apostles give witness of?
19.	Why were the disciples selling their possessions and laying the price at the apostles feet?
	a. Was this practice mandatory?
20.	What Levite sold a field to lay money at the apostles feet?

#### SUMMARIZE:

5:-16: 5:6-11: 5:12-16: 5:17-32: 5:3-42:

## **IDENTIFY THE PEOPLE:**

Ananias: Sapphira: Peter: young men: Gamaliel: Theudas: Judas of Galilee:

# **IDENTIFY THE PLACES:**

Solomon's Porch: Temple: Jerusalem:

# **QUESTIONS:**

- 1. What is related about the wrong of a man and his wife?
- 2. What did Peter ask the man?
- 3. What did Peter state about the ownership of the possession?
- 4. Why were some selling their possessions?
- 5. To whom had they lied as a result of their actions? a. b.

What conclusion must then be drawn?

- 6. What did Ananias do when he heard these words?
- 7. How did this affect all that heard?

- 8. When did Sapphira, his wife, come in?
- 9. What did Peter say to her? a. What was her response?
  - b. What did Peter accuse them both of?
- 10. What happened to Sapphira?
- 11. What was the effect of these startling events?
- 12. What happened by the hands of the apostles and how did the people react to the apostles?
- 13. Who were added to the Lord?

Who did this adding? cf. Acts 2:47

- a. Could this have included infants? Why or why not?
- 14. What prompted the arising of opposition by the high priest and his cohorts?
- 15. What did the angel do and say?
- 16. When did they enter the temple and who else assembled together?
- 17. When the council sent for the apostles, where were they found?
- 18. What did the chief priest say to the apostles? (verse 28)Where had this charge been made? (passage?\_\_\_\_\_)
- 19. What was the apostles reply?
- 20. What familiar sermon topic did Peter then deal with?
- 21. What was different about the action of these Jews and the response of those on the day the church began?
- 22. Who among the council spoke with wisdom regarding the apostles?
  - a. What did this man say to the council to caution them? and what advice did he give?

- 23. How did the council react to his suggestion, and what did they do?
- 24. How did the apostles react toward this whole event?

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#### **SUMMARIZE:**

6:1-6: 6:7: 6:8-15:

### **IDENTIFY THE PEOPLE:**

Hebrews: Grecian Jews: Stephen: Philip: Prochorus: Nicanor: Timon: Parmenas: Nicolaus: Priests:

**IDENTIFY THE PLACES:** Jerusalem:

- 1. What occurred in the church in Jerusalem as the disciples multiplied?
- 2. Why could the twelve not see to this business?
- 3. What instruction did the apostles give to remedy this problem?
- 4. What specifications were required for those to see to this work?
- 5. What did the apostles consider their work?
- 6. Were these arrangements agreeable with the multitude?
- 7. Whom did they select for this work?
- 8. What did the apostles do with those selected?
- 9. What does Luke say about the growth of the church in Jerusalem?

- 10. What is mentioned that Stephen was full of? A.\_\_\_\_\_ B.\_\_\_\_\_.
- 11. What did Stephen do?
- 12. How is it mentioned that "a great company of priests" became disciples or Christians? How does one become a Christian today?
- 13. Who was disputing with Stephen?
- 14. What hindered those who disputed with Stephen?
- 15. Define "suborned."
- 16. What deceit did these wicked men then turn to?
- 17. Where did they take Stephen?
- 18. What was Stephen accused of and what is related about the witnesses?
- 19. What did the council see as they looked at Stephen?

#### SUMMARIZE

7:1-2: 7:3-50: 7:51-53: 7:54-60:

## **PEOPLE:**

Righteous one: Saul: Stephen:

- 1. What question did the high priest ask Stephen?
- 2. What history did Stephen relate in making his defense?
- 3. Outline and be able to review in class the history Stephen relates.
- 4. What does Stephen charge his listeners of?
- 5. What question does Stephen ask them?
- 6. What had their forefathers been guilty of?
- 7. What function does Stephen say the prophets served?
- 8. What does Stephen now call his audience?
- 9. What effect did Stephen's speech have on his listeners?
  - a. About whom have we read before in Acts who was affected in a similar way by preaching?
- 10. With what was Stephen filled?
- 11. As Stephen looked up into heaven, what did he see?
- 12. What did Stephen say?
- 13. What effect did this have on the people?

- 14. To whom are we then introduced, about whom we read a great deal in Acts?
- 15. What did the people do with Stephen?
- 16. What was Stephen saying as they stoned him?
- 17. What did Stephen pray?
  - a. Can you recall the prayer of another who was dying, which is similar to that of Stephen?
- 18. How does the Bible sometimes describe death? I Corinthians 15:51; I Thessalonians 4:14-15; Acts 7:60.

#### **SUMMARIZE:**

8:1-3: 8:4-8: 8:9-13: 8:14-24: 8:25: 8:26-40:

## **IDENTIFY THE PEOPLE:**

Saul:
Devout men:
Philip:
Simon:
Peter and John:
Ethiopian eunuch:

#### **IDENTIFY THE PLACES:**

Jerusalem: Judea and Samaria: Gaza: Azotus: Caesarea:

- 1. Who was consenting to Stephen's death?
  - a. What does this teach us about God's grace and forgiveness toward those who will obey Him? cf. 1 Timothy 1:15.
- 2. What problem then arose against the church and how did this affect the church in Jerusalem?
- 3. What is revealed about the work of Saul?
- 4. How was the zeal of those who went from Jerusalem demonstrated?
- 5. What preacher is mentioned and where did he preach?
- 6. What did he preach and was his preaching effective? cf. verse 5 and verse 12
  - a. When you compare these two verses what conclusion must be drawn?

7.	How did he prove that his message was true?		
8.	What did this preaching and their obedience produce in that city?		
9.	What did the people do that believed Philip's preaching?		
10.	Explain the change that occurred in the life of Simon.		
	a. What was his reaction to the miracles wrought by Philip?		
11.	Why was it necessary for the apostles to come down from Jerusalem?		
12.	What did Simon observe about the giving of the Holy Spirit?		
13.	What sin did Simon then commit?		
14.	What did Peter instruct him to do about his condition?		
	a. How does Peter describe Simon's condition?		
	b. What did Simon ask Peter to do?		
15.	What is Philip told to do and who told him?		
16.	Describe the man Philip meets and why had this man been in Jerusaler		
	a. What does this reveal about the man?		
17.	From what passage of Scripture was the man reading?		
18. What question had Philip ask the man?			
	a. How did the man answer?		
	b. What question did he ask Philip?		
19.	What did Philip begin to do?		
20.	What did the man say when they came to some water?		
	a. How did this man know about baptism?		

- 21. What did Philip tell him and what did the man confess?
- 22. When this man was baptized, what church was he a member of? cf. Acts 2:47; Matthew 16:18.
- 23. What happened when they came up out of the water?
- 24. List what the text says was preached by Philip... Verse 5: Verse 12: Verse 35:
  - a. Is this the same as "preaching the word" in verse 4?

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#### **SUMMARIZE:**

9:1-9: 9:10-19: 9:20-22: 9:23-25: 9:26-30: 9:30: 9:32-35: 9:36-43:

# **PEOPLE:**

Saul: Ananias: Jews: Barnabas: Peter: Aeneas: Tabitha: Simon:

## **PLACES:**

Damascus: Jerusalem: Caesarea: Tarsus: Judaea: Galilee: Samaria: Lydda: Joppa:

- 1. What did Saul ask to do, and who did he ask?
- 2. What suddenly happened as he was going to Damascus?
- 3. What was asked of Saul and what did Saul ask?
- 4. What was the reply to Saul and what instructions were given to him?

5. What effect did this event have upon those men who were with S	Saul?
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- a. What immediate effect did this event have on Saul?
- 6. What is told about Saul concerning the next three days?
- 7. What instructions are given to Ananias?
- 8. How did Ananias first respond to these instructions?
- 9. Why did the Lord say Saul was chosen?
- 10. What did Ananias say unto Saul and what did he do for him? cf. Acts 22:16.
- 11. After Saul was healed what did he do?
- 12. With whom did Saul associate in Damascus and what did he do there?
- 13. Why were so many amazed at Saul's teaching?
- 14. How did the Jews react to Saul's teaching? Why do you suppose they reacted this way?
- 15. How did Saul avoid the plot of the Jews and who helped him?
- 16. Although Luke omits it in this account, where did Saul go before going to Jerusalem? cf. Galatians 1:17-18
  - a. There were "at least" \_\_\_\_\_ years that passed during this time before Saul (Paul) went to Jerusalem.
- 17. What problems did Saul confront at Jerusalem?
- 18. Where did the brethren send Saul? Was he familiar with this place?
- 19. What four items does Luke mention which describe the church in Judea, Galilee, and Samaria?
  - a. Are these things necessary for the church to grow today?

- b. May the church grow today with any one of these characteristics being absent?
- 20. Where does Peter go and what does he find?
- 21. What does Peter do for the man and what were the results of this event?
- 22. To whom are we introduced at Joppa and for what was she noted?
- 23. What happened to this woman and what did the disciples do?
- 24. Explain what Peter did for this woman.
- 25. What resulted from this event?

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#### **SUMMARIZE:**

10:1-8: 10:9-16: 10:17-23: 10:23-24: 10:34-43: 10:44-48:

# **PEOPLE:**

Cornelius: Peter: Simon:

# **PLACES:**

Joppa: Caesarea:

- 1. Describe the centurion. a. What is a centurion?
- 2. Explain what Cornelius saw and what he was told to do.
- 3. Was Cornelius saved at this point?
  - a. Explain your answer.
- 4. How did Cornelius respond to the angel's instructions?
- 5. Explain what happened while Peter was praying on the housetop.
- 6. What did those who came for Peter explain to him?
- 7. What had Cornelius done to prepare for Peter's arrival?
- 8. What did Cornelius do when Peter arrived?
  - a. What was Peter's reaction?

- 9. Does Peter give the appearance here of accepting worship and being the "first Papal successor of Christ" as some claim he was?
- 10. What does Peter begin to say to this group gathered in the house of Cornelius?
- 11. How had God shown Peter that he should not call any man common or unclean?
- 12. What inquiry does Peter make before the group?
- 13. What was their reason for assembling?
- 14. Explain how Peter's statement of verses 34-35 is related to this context.
- 15. Whom does Peter state is "acceptable" to God?
  - a. How does this compare with the Calvinistic doctrine?
- 16. Of what does Peter say, "We are witnesses..."?
- 17. What were the apostles charged to do? Note the passages where they were so charged.
- 18. Who also bore witness of Christ? cf. Vs. 42-43.
- 19. What happened while Peter was speaking?
- 20. Who was particularly amazed about this?
- 21. What did Peter then command of Cornelius and his household?
- 22. **THINK:** Do you believe that this outpouring of the Holy Spirit (Acts 10:44-48) was identical to the baptism of the Holy Spirit which the apostles received in Acts 2:1-4? Be prepared to discuss your answer.

#### **SUMMARIZE:**

11:1-18: 11:19-26: 11:27-30:

#### **PEOPLE**:

Gentiles: Peter: Men of Cyprus and Cyrene: Barnabas: Saul: Agabus:

## **PLACES:**

Jerusalem: Joppa: Caesarea: Antioch:

- 1. What did those in Judea hear?
  - a. Explain what is included in their receiving the word. cf. 15:7; 11:18; 10:48; 10:43
- 2. What problem did Peter find when he came to Jerusalem?
- 3. How did Peter explain the matter unto them?
- 4. Why was Cornelius told to send for Peter?
- 5. In these "words" what were they "commanded" to do? cf. 10:48
- 6. What occurred as Peter began to speak?
- 7. What comparison does Peter make in reference to the Spirit coming upon the Gentiles?
  - a. What did this event cause Peter to remember?
- 8. What does Peter ask them as he concludes his explanation of his association with the Gentiles?

- 9. What conclusion did the group then reach?
- 10. What did those do who were scattered abroad as a result of the tribulation that arose about Stephen?
  - a. Did these limit their speaking?
- 11. What happened when some came to Antioch?
- 12. How does Luke describe their conversion?
- 13. How did the church in Jerusalem respond to the conversion of those in Antioch?
- 14. What did Barnabas do when he came among those new converts in Antioch?
- 15. To what is one added when he is "added unto the Lord"? cf. Acts 11:24; 2:47; Ephesians 1:22-23.
- 16. What do we learn from the use of the word "Christian" in this chapter?
  - a. List all other times the word "Christian" is used in the Bible and tell what is indicated about a Christian from these passages.
- 17. What prophet coming from Jerusalem revealed bad news and what did he reveal?
  - a. When did this come to pass?
- 18. What did the disciples in Antioch determine to do?
- 19. Is this passage an example of the church helping all of the needy of the world? Acts 11:29.
  - a. Who was helped by the efforts of the brethren at Antioch?
- 20. Does this passage state that the relief was sent to the elders of the church at Jerusalem, and they became the "sponsoring church" to distribute the relief throughout Judea?
  - a. Were there other congregations and other elders in Judea? cf. Acts 9:31,32,36; 14:23; Galatians 1:22.
  - b. Be prepared to explain the error involved in the sponsoring church arrangement.
#### **SUMMARIZE:**

12:1-19: 12:20-23: 12:24: 12:25:

### **PEOPLE:**

Herod: James: Peter: Mary: Rhoda: Blastus: Barnabas: Saul:

# **PLACES:**

Caesarea: Judaea:

- 1. Did the church have some rest from persecution as a result of the conversion of Saul?
- 2. What did Herod do?
- 3. Who was killed in this persecution and who was taken captive?
- 4. What did Herod notice that resulted from the slaying of one of the disciples?
- 5. At what time in the Jewish year did these events take place?
- 6. What did Herod do with Peter and what intentions did he have?
- 7. What did the church do to help Peter?
- 8. Describe how securely Peter was kept in the prison.
- 9. What happened to Peter while he was in the cell?
- 10. What was Peter instructed to do?

- 11. Could Peter believe what was happening?
  - a. What did he think as he went out?
- 12. What happened as Peter came to the gates leading into the city?
- 13. After being set free what did Peter realize?
- 14. Where did Peter go?
- 15. Who answered the door and what did she do after realizing it was Peter?
- 16. How did those inside the house react to her report?
- 17. What did Peter tell the group and what did he do?
- 18. What happened the next morning?
- 19. How did Herod react to this event?
- 20. What had the people of Tyre and Sidon attempted to do and why?
- 21. What did Herod do on a "set day"?
- 22. What did the people say about Herod?
- 23. What immediately happened to Herod?
- 24. What does Luke reveal concerning "the word of God"?
- 25. What is related about Barnabas and Saul?

#### **SUMMARIZE:**

13:1-3: 13:4-12: 13:13-16: 13:16-41: 13:42-43: 13:44-52:

# **PEOPLE:**

Barnabas: Symeon: Lucius: Manaen: Saul: Barnabas: Saul: John: Bar-Jesus: Sergius Paulus: Saul, son of Kish: David: Jews: Gentiles:

# **PLACES:**

Antioch: Cyprus: Salamis: Paphos: Perga in Pamphylia: Antioch of Pisidia: Iconium:

- 1. What characters are mentioned who were in the church at Antioch?
- 2. What instruction was given to these men?
- 3. What did they do after receiving the instruction?

- 4. From what city did they depart to begin their trip and who sent them forth?
- 5. What did they do at Salamis?
- 6. What function did John Mark serve as he went with them?
- 7. Who did they find in Paphos and what did he do?
- 8. What did the proconsul desire of Barnabas and Saul?
- 9. What do we notice for the first time concerning Saul's name?
- 10. What did Saul say to this one and what happened to the man?
- 11. What effect did this have on the proconsul?
- 12. Where did they sail from and where did they go?
- 13. What happened in Perga and what problem did this eventually cause? cf. 15:37-40
- 14. What was their next stop and what did they do?
- 15. What was done in the synagogue services?
- 16. What was requested of Paul and his company by the rulers of the synagogue?
- 17. To whom does Paul direct his speech?
- 18. Relate the historical facts of Paul's discourse.
  - a. Who else have we read about in Acts that related similar history?
- 19. What compliment did God bestow on one of the kings?
- 20. What did Jesus bring unto Israel?
- 21. What did the rulers in Jerusalem reject, but also fulfill?
- 22. What was done with Jesus when they had fulfilled all things that were written of him?
- 23. What did God do with Jesus and how was this proven?

- 24. What does Paul say they are thus bringing to them?
- 25. What two Psalms does Paul mention that the resurrection of Christ fulfilled?
  - a. Where else have we studied in Acts of this Psalm being mentioned in connection with the resurrection of Christ?
- 26. What happened to David that did not happen to the one that God raised up?
- 27. What is proclaimed through this one?
- 28. What is accomplished "by him" that could not be accomplished under the law?
- 29. Of what were they to "beware" and what passage does Paul quote?
- 30. What request did the crowd make of them?
- 31. Who followed them and what did they urge them to do?
- 32. Who gathered together the next sabbath and why?
- 33. What reaction did this receive of the Jews?
- 34. How did Paul and Barnabas handle this and what did they say? What scripture did they quote?
- 35. How did the Gentiles react to this statement?
- 36. What does Luke reveal about the progress of the work in that area?
- 37. What did those Jews do?
- 38. As a result of those wicked Jews, what did Paul and Barnabas do as they left the city?
- 39. Where did they go next?
- 40. What does Luke reveal about the disciples?

### THINK:

Make a chart that you can add information to, listing the places visited by Paul in this chapter and the major things that happened at each place.

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#### **SUMMARIZE:**

14:1-7: 14:8-18: 14:19-28:

# **PEOPLE:**

Certain man: Paul: Barnabas: Priest of Jupiter: Jews from Antioch and Iconium: Gentiles:

### **PLACES:**

Iconium: Lystra: Derbe: Antioch:

- 1. Where in Iconium did Paul and Barnabas preach and what resulted?
- 2. As we have previously learned in Acts as well as in this text, what is included in the term "believed"? cf Acts 2:41, 44
- 3. Who are those who are contrasted to the believing Jews and Greeks?
- 4. What was done which made the Gentiles evil affected against the brethren?
- 5. In what way did the Lord help Paul and Barnabas in the work in Iconium?
  - a. What is revealed about the length of their stay there?
- 6. What was the condition of the city in relation to Paul and Barnabas?
- 7. What efforts were attempted against Paul and Barnabas and who was involved in this effort?
- 8. What resulted when they learned of this evil plot?
- 9. What man is described from Lystra and what did Paul do for this man?

- 10. How did the people react to what was done?
- 11. What did the people call Paul and Barnabas?
  - a. What was the significance of these two names?
- 12. What did a certain "priest" do?
- 13. How did Paul and Barnabas react to this action?
- 14. Explain the usage of the term "apostle" as it is here applied to Barnabas.
- 15. What did Paul and Barnabas say to this multitude?
- 16. Where did Jews come from in pursuit of Paul?
  - a. What did they do in Lystra?
- 17. What did Paul do while the disciples stood around him?
- 18. Where did Paul go next?
- 19. What was the result of their preaching in this city?
- 20. After preaching at Derbe, where did they go and what did they do?
- 21. What was done in every church? cf. verse 23 and 1 Corinthians 4:17
- 22. Name the next few places they traveled.
- 23. What does Luke reveal concerning the end of their trip?
- 24. What did they do when they came to Antioch?
- 25. What had God done concerning the Gentiles?
  - a. What occurred that resulted in this?

#### **THOUGHT QUESTION:**

Add to your chart the list of the places visited by Paul in this chapter and identify the main things that happened at each place.

#### **SUMMARIZE:**

15:1-5: 15:6-7: 15:7-11: 15:12-13: 15:13-21: 15:22-29: 15:30-35: 15:36-41:

### **PEOPLE:**

Paul and Barnabas: Pharisees: James: Judas and Silas: John Mark: Silas:

#### **PLACES:**

Jerusalem: Phoenicia and Samaria: Antioch: Pamphylia: Cyprus: Syria and Cilicia:

- 1. Where did some come from to Antioch and what did they teach?
- 2. How did this teaching affect the brethren?
- 3. What did they decide to do about this situation?
- 4. Who received Paul and Barnabas in Jerusalem?
- 5. Who rose up with a different teaching and what were they teaching?
- 6. Who was gathered together to consider this matter and why? (cf. verses 4, 6, 22)
- 7. What took place before Peter began to speak?

- 8. What did Peter remind them of?
- 9. What had God given to the Gentiles and why was this given?
- 10. What does Peter say to indicate how God felt toward Jew and Gentile?
- 11. What question does Peter ask these Jews and what was the point of Peter's question?
- 12. What is the yoke Peter mentions?
- 13. What did Peter state that the Jews believed as well as the Gentiles?
- 14. What effect did these words have on the multitude?
- 15. What further information did Paul and Barnabas relate and how did this pertain to their present discussion?
- 16. What further information did James relate and what conclusion did he offer?
  - a. What did James suggest they do?
- 17. What further decision was made in addition to the suggestion made by James?
- 18. Who was selected to return with Paul and Barnabas to Antioch?
- 19. Review the message of the letter to these Gentiles.a. To whom was the letter addressed?
  - b. Had those Judaizing teachers been sent out by the church in Jerusalem?
  - c. What was the purpose of those who returned with Paul and Barnabas?
  - d. What "seemeth good" to the Holy Spirit and to them?
  - e. What were they to abstain from? Be prepared to discuss why.
- 20. What was the reaction of these Gentiles when the letter was read?
- 21. After some days what did Paul suggest to Barnabas?
- 22. What was Barnabas minded to do?

- 23. Why do you suppose that Barnabas might have been more interested in John Mark (cf Colossians 4:10)?
- 24. What did Paul think about this?

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#### **SUMMARIZE:**

16:1-5: 16:6-10: 16:11-15: 16:16-18: 16:19-34: 16:35-40:

# **PEOPLE:**

Timothy: Man of Macedonia: Lydia: Certain maid: Jailor: Magistrates:

#### **PLACES:**

Derbe and Lystra: Phrygia: Galatia: Mysia: Troas: Bithynia: Samothrace: Neapolis: Philippi:

- 1. To what new character are we now introduced?
  - a. What are we told about this man?
  - b. What nationality was his father and his mother?
- 2. In what city did Paul find this character?
  - a. What else had happened to Paul in this city?
- 3. What did Paul desire this one to do?

- 4. What was done as they went through the cities and what were the results of their efforts?
- 5. Where did Paul and his companions then go and where were they forbidden to go?
- 6. Where were they when Paul saw a vision and what was the vision?
- 7. After the vision what did they do and what did they conclude?
- 8. What does the word "we" in 16:10 indicate? Who wrote the book of Acts?
- 9. What destination of theirs is described and how is it described?
- 10. What did they do on the sabbath day?
- 11. Who did Paul and his company meet at the place of prayer?
  - a. How is she described?
  - b. How did she react to Paul's teaching?
- 12. Does the fact that her "household" was baptized indicate that infants were baptized? State the reason for your answer.
- 13. What did she invite Paul and those with him to do?
- 14. What occurred as they were going to the meeting place?
- 15. What did this woman cry out? Was her proclamation true?
- 16. How did this affect Paul and what did he do?
- 17. How did Paul's action affect the maiden's masters and why did it affect them this way?
- 18. Where were Paul and Silas taken and of what were they accused?
- 19. How did the multitudes react, and what did the magistrates do?
- 20. What was the jailor charged to do, and how did he respond to such a charge?
- 21. Explain the events that occurred about midnight.

- 22. What did the jailor ask and what was he told?
- 23. What was taught to him further?
- 24. What did he do the same hour of the night?
- 25. What did the jailor do before he was baptized?
  - a. What did this evidence?
- 26. What did the jailor do after he was baptized and what did this evidence?
- 27. What did the magistrates do the next day and what message was delivered?
- 28. Explain Paul's reply and the reaction of the magistrates.
- 29. Where did Paul and Silas go and what did they do?

# **THOUGHT QUESTION:**

1. Continue to chart the journeys of Paul throughout this chapter.

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#### **SUMMARIZE:**

17:1-9: 17:10-15: 17:16-22: 17:22-28: 17:29-31: 17:32-34:

### **PEOPLE:**

Paul and Silas: Jason: Jews of Thessalonica: Timothy: Epicurean and Stoic philosophers: Dionysius: Damaris:

#### **PLACES:**

Thessalonica: Beroea: Athens:

- 1. What was in Thessalonica?
- 2. What was Paul's custom and what did he do for three sabbath days?
- 3. What was the subject of his preaching?
- 4. How did some react to the preaching?
- 5. How did the Jews respond to Paul's preaching?
- 6. What did they do with Jason and other brethren?
- 7. What were they accused of?
- 8. What did the rulers do with Jason and the brethren?
- 9. What did the brethren do with Paul and Silas?
- 10. What was the outstanding difference in the Beroeans and the Thessalonians?

- 11. How did many of those in Beroea react to the preaching of Paul and Silas?
- 12. What did the Jews of Thessalonica do?
- 13. What did the brethren do? Who stayed in Beroea?
- 14. What was Paul's next destination?
- 15. What commandment was given to Silas and Timothy?
- 16. What disturbed Paul while he waited in Athens?
- 17. Whom did Paul encounter in Athens and what did they say?
- 18. Where did they take him and what was this place?
- 19. What did they desire of Paul?
- 20. What does the author reveal about the nature of the Athenians?
- 21. What did Paul first say to those in Athens?
- 22. What did Paul observe as he passed along through Athens? What did he eventually find?
- 23. What does Paul say he will set forth unto them?
- 24. How does Paul identify God? cf. verses 24-28.
- 25. What conclusion does Paul then draw from what he has said?
- 26. What comparison does Paul make concerning God's former requirements and the present ones?
- 27. What does Paul say motivates us to repent?
  - a. What does this conclude about who is responsible before God?
- 28. How has God given assurance to all men?
- 29. How did they react when they heard Paul mention the resurrection?
- 30. What was the reaction of those who believed?

# **THOUGHT QUESTION:**

1. Continue to list and identify the places visited by Paul.

#### **SUMMARIZE:**

18:1-4: 18:5-11: 18:12-17: 18:18-21: 18:22-23: 18:24-28:

### **PEOPLE:**

Aquila and Priscilla: Claudius: Silas and Timothy: Paul: Titus Justice: Crispus: Gallio: Sosthenes: Apollos:

#### **PLACES:**

Corinth: Syria: Ephesus: Caesarea: Antioch: Galatia: Phrygia: Achaia:

- 1. Where did Paul go when he departed from Athens?
- 2. Who did Paul find here and why were they there?
- 3. Why did Paul choose to abide with them?
- 4. What was Paul's custom in beginning his teaching in each city?
- 5. What was the result of Paul's efforts in the synagogue?
- 6. Who came down from Macedonia and where had they stayed behind?

- 7. What message did Paul preach?
- 8. How did some react to Paul's preaching and what did he say about it.?
- 9. Where did Paul then go?
- 10. What is said concerning the ruler of the synagogue and many of the Corinthians?
  - a. Were any of these infants?
- 11. Later Paul wrote to the Corinthians and called them the church of God (1 Corinthians 1:2). How did they become members of God's church?
- 12. What act of obedience is mentioned in every case of conversion in the book of Acts?
  - a. List each passage where it is mentioned and state what case it was.
- 14. What did the Lord tell Paul to encourage him?
- 15. How long did Paul stay in Corinth on this occasion and what did he do while he was there?
- 16. What happened when Gallio was proconsul of Achaia?
- 17. What was Paul accused of?
  - a. List passages and occasions where similar charges were made.
- 18. How did Gallio dismiss the case against Paul?
- 19. How did the Jews then react?
- 20. Where did Paul go after leaving Corinth and who went with him?
- 21. What had he done in Cenchreae?
- 22. What did Paul do with his companions in the next city and what did he do?
- 23. What did the Jews in the synagogue at Ephesus ask of Paul?

- 24. After Paul landed at Caesarea where did he go and what did he do?
- 25. What certain Jew does Luke describe and how does he describe him?
- 26. What scriptures would he have known?
- 27. Who taught him further?
- 28. Where did this one then go and what did he do?

# **THOUGHT QUESTION:**

1. Continue to chart the places visited by Paul and identify the events that took place there.

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#### **SUMMARIZE:**

19:1-7: 19:8-20: 19:21-22: 19:23-41:

# **PEOPLE:**

Paul: Sceva: Timothy: Erastus: Demetrius: Diana: Gaius: Aristarchus: Alexander: townclerk:

### **PLACES:**

Ephesus: Synagogue: School of Tyrannus: Macedonia and Achaia: Asia:

- 1. What did Paul find in the city of Ephesus?
- 2. What did Paul ask these individuals and what was their reply?
- 3. What was Paul's second question to them and what did they reply?
- 4. What did Paul explain about John's baptism?
- 5. What did these disciples do when they learned this?
- 6. What did Paul then do and what resulted?
- 7. From this text (19:5-6), what do we know that baptism in the name of Jesus does not include? cf. 8:14-16; 10:4-48

- 8. How many of these disciples were there at Ephesus?
- 9. How long did Paul reason in the synagogue in Ephesus?
- 10. What caused problems which resulted in Paul departing from them?
- 11. When Paul departed from the synagogue where did he go and how long was he here?
- 12. What was the result of his efforts here?
- 13. What did God do by Paul?
- 14. What did certain of the Jews take upon themselves to do?
  - a. What specific Jews are mentioned as doing this?
- 15. What did an evil Spirit say to them and what did the man possessed by the spirit do?
- 16. How did this event effect many of the Ephesians?
- 17. What did they do which evidenced their repentance?
- 18. What did Paul purpose to do?
- 19. Who did Paul send to Macedonia and what did Paul do?
- 20. What was all the confusion about?
- 21. Identify: "The Way."
- 22. Who was responsible for stirring up the silversmiths?
- 23. What did he say about Paul's work?
- 24. What dangers did this man say might result from Paul's work?
  - a. What seemed to be his greatest concern?
  - b. Identify some passages in the NT that give warning about overmuch attention to this one thing.
- 25. What idol was so popular in this area?

26.	What does Luke mention as to the condition of the city?
	a. What resulted from this condition?
27.	What did Paul want to do and who prevented him?
28.	How does Luke further describe the confusion of the crowd?
29.	Who was brought forth to make a defense to the people?
30.	What did the crowd perceive and do?
31.	Who quieted the multitude and what did he ask?
32.	How did this man describe Paul and those with him?
33.	What did he say Demetrius and the craftsmen should do to settle this matter?
34.	What did the clerk say about "other matters"?

35. What dangers did the clerk express?

# THOUGHT QUESTION:

1. Continue to chart the cities visited by Paul according to the book of Acts.

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### **SUMMARIZE:**

20:1-6: 20:7-12: 20:13-16: 20:17-18: 20:18-35: 20:36-38:

### **PEOPLE:**

Paul: Sopater: Aristarchus: Secundus: Gaius: Timothy: Tychicus: Trophemus: Eutychus:

# **PLACES:**

Greece: Troas: Assos: Mityline: Chios: Samos: Miletus: Ephesus:

- 1. What did Paul do after the uproar?
- 2. After Paul left this city where did he go and what did he do?
- 3. Where did Paul stay three months and what happened as he was about to depart?
- 4. How did this change Paul's plans for this trip?
- 5. Who accompanied Paul as far as Asia?

- 6. Where did this group wait for Paul?
- 7. Who left Philippi with Paul to join him?
- 8. When did they sail from Philippi?
- 9. How long did this voyage take them?
- 10. What did the disciples do on the first day of the week?
- 11. Why and under whose directions did they do this? cf. Acts 2:42; I Corinthians 11:20-34.
- 12. Describe the place where the disciples met.
- 13. Who fell from the window?How severe was his fall and from what story did he fall?
- 14. What did Paul do to this young man?
- 15. When Paul was gone up what did he do?
- 16. How long did Paul talk with these disciples?
- 17. What effect did Paul's raising the boy up have on the disciples?
- 18. Where did Paul then go and how did he get there?How did Luke and the others in Paul's company get there?
- 19. After joining Paul where did they go?
- 20. Why did Paul not intend to go to Ephesus on this occasion?
- 21. What was his hurry?
- 22. While Paul was at Miletus what did he do?
- 23. What does Paul remind them of concerning his service to them?
- 24. Had Paul failed to declare anything that was needful to them?

- 25. What two ways had Paul taught them?
- 26. What did Paul testify to them?
- 27. What had the spirit told Paul that awaited him?
- 28. What did Paul say his purpose in life was?
- 29. How was Paul pure from the blood of all men?
- 30. What two things were they to take heed to?
- 31. What did Paul say was their responsibility to the church?
- 32. What was the purchase price of the church?
- 33. What are the dangers that Paul warns them of and being aware of that danger what were they to do?
- 34. To whom does he now commend them and why?
- 35. How was Paul and those with him supported while at Ephesus?
- 36. From Paul's example, what should we do with part of our laboring?
- 37. What words of Jesus does Paul quote which are not found elsewhere in the Bible?
- 38. What did they all do when Paul had finished speaking?
- 39. What made them the most sorrowful?

### **THOUGHT QUESTIONS:**

1. Continue to chart Paul's journeys.

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#### **SUMMARIZE:**

21:1-6: 21:7-14: 21:15-16: 21:17-26: 21:27-36: 21:37-40:

# **PEOPLE:**

Philip: Agabus: James: elders: Jews from Asia: Chief Captain: Trophimus: Mnason:

# PLACES

Tyre: Jerusalem: Caesarea: Tarsus in Cilicia:

- 1. What did Paul find at Tyre?
  - a. How long did he remain at Tyre?
  - b. What was revealed to Paul by the disciples in Tyre?
- 2. What does one learn concerning the kind of feeling that should exist between Christians from 21:4-6 and 20:36-38?
- 3. Who did Paul and his companions stay with in Caesarea? Describe this man and his family.
- 4. Who came from Judea while Paul was at Caesarea? Where else were we acquainted with this man and what does he now reveal?
- 5. How did this man's message affect Luke, Paul's companions, and the brethren in Caesarea

and how did it affect Paul?

- 6. What did those who were concerned about Paul finally do?
- 7. How was Paul and those with him received in Jerusalem?
  - a. Was Paul concerned about how he would be received? cf. Romans 15:25-32.
- 8. What did Paul do in the presence of James and the elders of the church in Jerusalem?
- 9. How did the group in Jerusalem respond to Paul's report?
  - a. What is the significance of this?
- 10. What was Paul accused by some of teaching?
- 11. What did the brethren in Jerusalem want Paul to do?
- 12. What was this to show?
- 13. What did the brethren in Jerusalem explain concerning the Gentile believers? When was this letter written which is referred to? cf. 21:25; 15:20, 29
- 14. How did Paul respond to the instruction of these men?
- 15. What were the "seven days" mentioned by Luke?
- 16. What would bring Jews from Asia to Jerusalem at this time? cf. 20:16; 2:1-5
- 17. What did these Jews do?
- 18. Had Paul observed any Jewish customs while in Jerusalem? If so did this compromise his position on Judaism?
- 19. What did these Jews accuse Paul of? NOTE: This crowd reacted according to what they heard; should not we today be careful in making decisions and drawing conclusions by what "they said" rather than investigating ourselves?
- 20. How did the city react to these accusations against Paul?

- 21. What did the people intend to do to Paul and who stopped it?
  - a. How was Paul bound?
- 22. What response did the chief captain receive when he asked what Paul had done?
- 23. Explain the significance of Paul's conversation with the chief captain.
  - a. Why did Paul want to speak to these people?
  - b. Why did he speak in the Hebrew language?

# **THOUGHT QUESTIONS:**

- 1. Continue to chart Paul's travels.
- 2. What was Paul's position in regard to the old law? cf. Romans 7:1-6; Galatians 3:19-25; 4:4; Ephesians 2:14-15; Acts 16:3; 18:18; I Corinthians 9:20-22.
- 3. What other terms are used to designate the "elders" of the church?" cf. Acts 20:28 also verse 17. cf. Titus 1:5,7 and Ephesians 4:11; I Peter 5:1-4.

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#### **SUMMARIZE:**

22:1: 22:2: 22:3-21: 22:22-29: 22:30:

# **PEOPLE:**

Gamaliel: Ananias: Stephen: Chief Captain:

# **PLACES:**

Damascus:

- 1. Why would Paul refer to these Jews as "brethren"?
- 2. What does Paul call the speech he makes to them?
- 3. What calmed the crowd as Paul began to speak?
- 4. Why does Paul mention his birth, training, and his zeal for the Law to this group?
- 5. Summarize the means that Paul uses to get his audience to consider his defense. 22:1-5
- 6. Explain the events related by Paul that interrupted his trip to Damascus.
- 7. What qualification did Paul thus meet? 22:8; 1:8, 22; I Corinthians 9:1-2.
- 8. What did Paul explain concerning those with him?
  - a. How would you harmonize this statement with that of Luke in 9:7?
- 9. What did Paul ask, and what was he told?
- 10. What condition was Paul in following these events?

- 11. What things did Ananias do for Paul?
- 12. Was Paul saved on the road to Damascus? Explain your answer.
- Compare Luke's account of Paul's conversion and see what additional details are listed. 9:1-19
- 14. As we read 22:17 and compare Galatians 1:15-18, how much time passed between Paul's conversion and his return to Jerusalem?
- 15. What was Paul told to do (22:21) and why (cf. 22:18)?
- 16. Why would this audience be critical of Paul's mission?
  - a. What was their immediate reaction?
- 17. What did the chief captain command be done?
  - a. What stopped him?
- 18. Explain why the discussion of Roman citizenship was so important.
- 19. Why did the chief captain become fearful?
- 20. Before what group was Paul next taken to be examined?
  - a. What had this group formerly sent him out to do? 9:1
#### **SUMMARIZE:**

23:1-10: 23:11: 23:12-25: 23:26-30: 23:31-35:

## **PEOPLE:**

Paul:
Ananias:
Pharisees:
Chief Captain:
Jews:
Chief priest and elders:
Paul's sister's son:
Claudius Lysias:
Felix:

#### **PLACES:**

Rome: Caesarea: Cilicia: Herod's palace:

- 1. How did Paul tell the council he had lived before God?
  - a. Was this enough to save him?
- 2. May one think he is doing right and be wrong? cf I Timothy 1:15; Acts 26:9; John 16:2.
- 3. What command did Ananias give and what did Paul say to him?
  - a. What did Paul mean by this statement?
- 4. What did some standing by ask Paul?
- 5. How did Paul answer this and what passage did Paul use from the Law?

6.	What did Paul perceive about the council and how did he use this to his advantage?					
7.	What did some of the scribes of the Pharisees say?					
8.	What did the chief captain fear and what did he do?					
9.	What happened to Paul the night following?					
10.	What did a group of Jews do the next day?					
	a. How many were involved in this conspiracy?					
11.	How did these Jews hope to influence the chief captain to deliver Paul?					
12.	Who heard of the plot of these Jews and told it to Paul?					
13.	How did Paul inform the chief captain of this plot?					
14.	What did the chief captain instruct some of his centurions to do?					
15.	To whom does this man write and what does he explain that he has done for Paul?					
16.	Why was Paul brought before the Jewish council?					
17.	What did the chief captain learn from Paul's trial before the Jewish council?					
18.	What was his reason for sending Paul to Felix?					
19.	Where did the soldiers take Paul by night?					
20.	What did the soldiers do the next day?					
	a. Was this in accordance with their instructions?					

- 21. Who delivered Paul to Felix?
- 22. What did Felix ask Paul and when would he hear Paul?

# CONTINUE TO CHART PAUL'S TRAVELS.

#### **SUMMARIZE:**

24:1-2: 24:2-9: 24:10-21: 24:22-23: 24:24-27:

## **PEOPLE:**

Ananias: Tertullus: Felix: Lysias: Drusilla: Porcius Festus:

- 1. Who came down from Jerusalem to accuse Paul before Felix?
- 2. How did Tertullus begin to commend Felix?
- 3. For what did Tertullus ask?
- 4. What did Tertullus charge Paul with?
- 5. How did the Jews respond to these charges against Paul?
- 6. What did Felix do before Paul spoke?
- 7. How long had it been since Paul went up to Jerusalem?
  - a. Why was this important?
  - b. Give an accounting of the events during this time.
- 8. Why had Paul gone up to Jerusalem?a.b.
- 9. How did Paul respond to the charges made against him?

- 10. What did Paul openly confess?
- 11. What is the hope that Paul refers to?
- 12. What does Paul say about his conscience?
- 13. What was Paul doing when these Jews came upon him?
  - a. Was he causing any kind of uproar?
- 14. What did Paul say about the Jews from Asia?
- 15. What does Paul suggest these Jews from Jerusalem do?
- 16. What had Paul said as he stood before the Jewish Sanhedrin?
- 17. Did Felix know more about "The Way" than these Jews had given him credit?
- 18. At this point what did Felix decide to do with Paul's case?
- 19. How was Paul to be kept in Caesarea?
- 20. Did Paul have any friends in Caesarea? If so who?
- 21. When Felix sent for Paul, what did Paul speak to him?
- 22. How did Felix respond to what Paul said?
- 23. What did Felix tell Paul?
- 24. What does Luke reveal to be a motive of Felix in keeping Paul?
- 25. How long was Paul in prison during the reign of Felix?
- 26. What happened to Paul when Felix left office and why?
- 27. Who succeeded Felix?

## THINK:

- 1. Study about Drusilla and describe who she was.
- 2. What were some of the crimes of her relatives?
- 3. Study about Felix and describe his character.

#### **SUMMARIZE:**

25:1-5: 25:6-12: 25:13-22: 25:23-27:

## **PEOPLE:**

Festus: Chief priests and principal men: Jews: Caesar: Agrippa: Bernice:

## PLACES:

Jerusalem: Caesarea:

- 1. What did Festus do when he came to govern over the province?
- 2. Who informed Festus against Paul?
- 3. What did these ask Festus to do and why?
- 4. How did Festus answer them?
- 5. What did Festus say should be done?
- 6. What did Festus do the day after he returned to Caesarea?
- 7. What did the Jews from Jerusalem then do?
  - a. What was the nature of these charges?
- 8. What did Paul say about these charges?
- 9. Why did Festus want Paul to go up to Jerusalem?
- 10. What did Paul say to this and what appeal did he make?

- 11. What did Festus do before he granted Paul's appeal?
- 12. Who then arrived at Caesarea?
  - a. Identify each of these people.
- 13. After these were in Caesarea certain days, what did Festus do?
- 14. As Festus relates the past events concerning Paul, how does he say he answered the Jews when they asked for sentence against Paul?
- 15. What did Festus say he did the following day?
- 16. Was Festus disappointed in the evidence presented against Paul?
- 17. What does Festus say the Jews had against Paul?
- 18. What did Agrippa wish to be done?
- 19. What was the scene the next day?
- 20. What did Festus say the multitudes desired of him as he had examined Paul?
- 21. What does he say his conclusion had been?
- 22. Why does Festus say he brought Paul before Herod Agrippa?
- 23. What seemed unreasonable to Festus?

## **THOUGHT QUESTIONS:**

- 1. Describe the character of Festus.
- 2. Does he appear to be fair in his decision?

#### SUMMARIZE:

26:1: 26:2-23: 26:24-29: 26:30-32:

#### **PEOPLE**:

Agrippa: Chief Priest: Gentiles: Festus: Caesar:

## PLACES:

Jerusalem: Damascus: Judaea:

- 1. What did Agrippa say to Paul before he made his defense?
- 2. How did Paul begin his speech?
- 3. What did Paul make special mention of concerning Agrippa?
- 4. What did the Jews know about Paul's former manner of life?
- 5. What is Paul now being judged for?
- 6. What is this hope Paul speaks of?
- 7. What question does Paul ask them?
- 8. What did Paul say he had thought in times past?
- 9. Does one thinking a thing is right make it right?
  - a. State two passages that affirm your answer.
- 10. What had Paul done in Jerusalem as well as other places?

- 11. By whose commission did Paul do these things?
- 12. What was Paul trying to force Christians to do?
- 13. What happened to Paul as he journeyed to Damascus?
  - a. Why was Paul going to Damascus?
  - b. Compare the three accounts of this event.
- 14. In what language was the voice speaking and what did the voice say?
- 15. What did the voice tell Paul he was to do?
- 16. How does Paul say he responded to this instruction?
- 17. Why does Paul say he was taken by the Jews?
- 18. To whom did Paul say he testified?
- 19. What did Paul testify?
- 20. How could Paul be a witness or testify of these things?
- 21. Who interrupted Paul's speech and what did he say?
- 22. How did Paul answer this charge?
- 23. What did Paul say that King Agrippa knew? How did King Agrippa know of these things?
- 24. What question did Paul ask Agrippa?
- 25. How did Agrippa respond to Paul?
- 26. What did Paul then reply to Agrippa?
- 27. What did the king and his company say when they were withdrawn from Paul?
- 28. What did Agrippa say to Festus?

#### **SUMMARIZE:**

27:1-8: 27:9-26: 27:27-44:

## **PEOPLE:**

Julius: Aristarchus:

#### **PLACES:**

Adramyttium: Sidon: Lee of Cyprus: Alexandria: Myra: Cnidus: Lee of Crete: Fair Havens: Phoenix: Cauda: Syrtis: Adria:

- 1. From the text, who was likely with Paul as they sailed for Italy?
- 2. What was the course they planned to sail in the ship of Adramyttium?
- 3. Where did they arrive the next day?
- 4. How did the centurion in charge treat Paul and what was he allowed to do?
- 6. Why did the ship sail under the lee of Cyprus?
- 7. What did the centurion find in Myra?
  - a. What does this say about the ease of travel during the days of the Roman Empire?
  - b. Why was this important?
- 8. What time of year was Paul traveling to Rome?

- 9. What did Paul admonish them?
- 10. How did the centurion respond to Paul's warning?
- 11. Why did they not stay in the haven of Fair Havens?
- 12. Where did they want to go for the winter?
  - a. Research why this might be a better port than Fair Havens.
- 13. Why did they sail along Crete?
- 14. What is the name of the tempestuous wind and how did it affect their travels?
- 15. Where did they go and what did they do to secure the ship?
- 16. What was done the second day of the storm? The third day?
- 17. As all appeared to be lost, what did Paul tell them?
- 18. What happened on the fourteenth day of the storm?
- 19. Describe how they knew they were nearing land.
- 20. What did they do to prevent them from being cast ashore on rocky ground?
- 21. What did some do in effort to escape the ship? What instructions did Paul then give and were his instructions heeded?
- 22. How many were aboard the ship?
- 23. What did they do after they ate?
- 24. What did they do then in an effort to go ashore?
- 25. What happened to the ship?
- 26. What did the soldiers want to do and what was the response of the centurion? a. What were the centurion's intentions?
- 27. What did he command all to do to escape to safety?

#### **SUMMARIZE:**

28:1-6: 28:7-10: 28:11-15: 28:16: 28:17-22: 28:23-29: 28:30-31:

#### **PEOPLE:**

Barbarians: Publius: Alexandria: Caesar: Chief of the Jews: Isaiah:

## **PLACES:**

Melita: The Market of Appius and The Three Taverns: Rome:

- 1. After the shipwreck where were they?
- 2. What kind of reception were they shown by the inhabitants of this place?
- 3. What happened to Paul as he added wood to the fire?
- 4. What did the inhabitants of the island say about this event?
- 5. How did the viper effect Paul and what did he do with it?
- 6. When the people observed this how did it affect them?
- 7. Who was the chief man of the island?
- 8. How did he treat Paul and his company?
- 9. What did Paul do for him and how did the islanders respond to what Paul did?

- 10. What acts of kindness did the islanders show toward those who had been shipwrecked as they were about to sail?
- 11. How long had they been in Melita?
- 12. What ship did they depart on?
- 13. Where did they go next and how long did they stay?
- 14. From 28:14, what evidence do we find of the spread of the gospel in Italy?
- 15. How far had brethren come to meet Paul and his company?
- 16. What effect did the brethren have upon Paul?
- 17. What liberty was given Paul in Rome?
- 18. Whom did Paul call together after three days?
- 19. What things did Paul rehearse with them?
- 20. How did these reply to Paul's statements?
- 21. What did Paul tell them in their second meeting?
- 22. How did they react to Paul this time?
- 23. What did Paul say to them in conclusion?
- 24. What did Paul explain about the Gentiles?
- 25. How did Paul live in Rome? How long?
- 26. What did Paul do while in Rome?

#### WHICH CHAPTER IS IT IN?

- \_\_\_\_\_ The voyage to Rome.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Paul's trip through Greece.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Paul's farewell speech to the Ephesian elders at Miletus.
- \_\_\_\_\_ The conversion of the twelve disciples of John.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Paul at Rome two years.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Completion of the third tour.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Paul before Herod Agrippa II.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Peter's second sermon.
- \_\_\_\_\_ The healing of the impotent man at Lystra.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Demetrius, the silversmith, and his opposition to Paul.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Apostolic miracles.
- \_\_\_\_\_ The apostles arrested by the Jews and miraculously released.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Raising of Dorcas (Tabitha) from the dead by Peter.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Simon the sorcerer.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Completion of the second tour.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Paul with Aquila and Priscilla at Corinth.
- \_\_\_\_\_ First evangelistic tour begins at Antioch.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Paul and Silas at Thessalonica.
- Paul's appeal to his Roman citizenship in the face of scourging.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Paul's flight from Iconium.

- \_\_\_\_\_ The disciples' prayer of faith.
- \_\_\_\_\_ The arrest of Stephen.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Peter and John arrested and brought before the Sanhedrin.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Ananias and Sapphira.
- \_\_\_\_\_ The blinding of Elymas on Cyprus.
- \_\_\_\_\_ The problem of the Grecian widows.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Paul's arrest in Jerusalem.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Peter and John released and returned to the disciples.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Famine predicted by Agabus.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Paul at Ephesus.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Ascension of Christ.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Peter's third sermon before the Sanhedrin.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Paul before the Sanhedrin.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Conclusion of the first journey.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Paul before Festus.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Horrible death of Herod Agrippa I.
- Gamaliel's advice concerning Christianity before the Sanhedrin.
- \_\_\_\_\_ The first sermon under the gospel by Peter.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Second evangelistic tour begins.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Stephen's defense and martyrdom.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Paul stoned at Lystra.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Conversion of Cornelius.

- \_\_\_\_\_ The establishment of the church.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Paul's address at Antioch.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Persecution of the church by Saul.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Arrest of Peter by Agrippa I, and Peter's miraculous release.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Saul (Paul) brought to Antioch by Barnabas.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Paul's vision at Troas.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Paul's speech on Mars hill in Athens.
- Paul and Barnabas called gods at Lystra.
- \_\_\_\_\_ The soothsaying maiden cleansed in Philippi.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Reception of the Holy Spirit gifts through the laying on of the hands of Peter and John.
- \_\_\_\_\_ The disciples sacrifices of benevolence.
- \_\_\_\_\_ The martyrdom of James.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Conversion of Apollos at Ephesus.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Paul's defense including his own account of his conversion before the people of Jerusalem.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Healing of Aeneas by Peter.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Beginning of the third evangelistic tour.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Paul before Felix.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Healing of the lame man by Peter and John.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Paul on Melita with the Barbarians.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Selection of Matthias to succeed Judas.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Jerusalem discussion concerning circumcision.

- \_\_\_\_\_ Paul sent to Caesarea.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Peter's justification of the conversion of Cornelius.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Philip preaching in Samaria.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Disputation concerning John Mark.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Baptism of Holy Spirit on the first Pentecost following the resurrection of Christ.
- \_\_\_\_\_ The shipwreck.

## **MULTIPLE CHOICE:**

- 1. Jesus was upon the earth (a) 20 (b) 40 (c) 80 days after his resurrection.
- 2. The Holy Spirit came on the (a) Passover (b) day of Pentecost (c) day of unleavened bread.
- 3. The Holy Spirit came at (a) 3:00 PM (b) 9:00 AM (c) 12:00 noon.
- 4. (a) Sadducees (b) Pharisees (c) Jews believed in the resurrection.
- 5. (a) Peter (b) James (c) Saul held the garments of those who stoned Stephen.
- 6. The Lord told Saul on the road to Damascus to go into the city and there he would learn what he (a) could (b) should (c) must do.
- 7. Paul was blind and fasted in Damascus (a) 40 days (b) 15 days (c) 3 days.
- 8. (a) Elijah (b) Agabus (c) Luke predicted a famine.
- 9. (a) Timothy (b) Titus (c) Ananias was circumcised because his mother was a Jew.
- 10. (a) Lydia (b) Jailor (c) Mary prayed by the riverside.

# **CONVERSIONS:** List each conversion in the book of Acts and identify the chapter in which it is found.

Conversion:

Chapter:

## **MATCHING:**

 Phoenix	1.	Orator who accused Paul.
 Claudius	2.	Where Paul was permitted to speak to Caesar.
 Joseph called Barsabbas surnamed Justus.	3.	Baptized with Water.
 Akeldama	4.	Door of the temple.
 Silas	5.	Desert place where Philip met the eunuch.
 Joel	6.	A devout, God fearing man.
 Beautiful	7.	Rescued Paul from the mob of Jews.
 Ananias	8.	A doctor of the law.
 Rome	9.	Place where the word went forth from.
 Tarsus	10.	Considered to replace Judas.
 Cornelius	11.	Sold possession and kept back part of the price.
 Jerusalem	12.	Where Paul was from.
 David	13.	First martyred apostle.
 Grecian Jews	14.	Where John Mark withdrew from Paul and Barnabas.
 Gaza	15.	Searched the Scriptures daily.
 James	16.	Sold field, laid money at apostles' feet.
 Elymas	17.	The field of blood.
 Diana	18.	Spoke of things that would happen in the last days.
 Gamaliel	19.	Where the ship master desired to winter.

 John	20.	Sorcerer.
 Joseph, surnamed Barnabas	21.	Became Paul's companion in travel.
 Tertullus	22.	Goddess of the Ephesians.
 Pamphylia	23.	Prophesied that Jesus would not be left in Hades.
 School of Tyrannus	24.	Murmured because their widows were neglected.
 Beroeans	25.	Where Paul taught in Ephesus for two years.

#### **ANSWER BRIEFLY:**

- 1. Who wrote the book of Acts?
- 2. To whom is it addressed?
- 3. What were the qualifications of an apostle?
- 4. Which Pentecost was it that the Holy Spirit came upon the apostles?
- 5. What did Peter command those Jews in Acts 2 to do and why?
- 6. What was the wrong committed by Ananias and Sapphira?
- 7. What does Stephen in his defense charge his listeners of?
- 8. What did Stephen pray as he died?
- 9. What cause the scattering abroad of the church from Jerusalem?
- 10. Why were Peter and John sent from Jerusalem to Samaria?
- 11. What was Simon the sorcerer told to do about his sin?
- 12. What preparation had Cornelius made for the arrival of Peter?
- 13. Was Paul saved on the road to Damascus? Explain.
- 14. What did the brethren at Antioch determine to do for the needy saints in Jerusalem?
- 15. What did some teach in Antioch causing a disturbance?
- 16. What was Paul's teaching in regard to the law of Moses?
- 17. What did the man say who appeared to Paul in a vision at Troas?
- 18. How had Peter felt toward the Greeks before the conversion of Cornelius?
- 19. What was Lydia's occupation?
- 20. What did the jailor do which evidenced his repentance?
- 21. What disturbed Paul in Athens?

- 22. As Paul speaks to the Athenians, what does he say about ignorance?
- 23. What is the assurance of our resurrection?
- 24. Why did Aquila and Priscilla leave Rome?
- 25. What does baptism in the name of Jesus not include?
- 26. What did the Ephesians do which evidenced their repentance?
- 27. What did the disciples do on the first day of the week?
- 28. Who fell from an upper chamber window and was taken up dead?
- 29. Who does Paul meet with in Miletus and why?
- 30. When Paul met with certain ones in Miletus, what does he tell them their responsibility is and what does he warn them of?
- 31. Why could Paul say, "I am pure from the blood of all men"?
- 32. What did the Jews accuse Paul of in Jerusalem?
- 33. What did Ananias instruct Paul to do about his sins? (Please give passage.)
- 34. How many Jews conspired together to kill Paul?
- 35. Who told the chief captain of the Jews plot to kill Paul?
- 36. How long was Paul imprisoned in Caesarea? Why so long?
- 37. How did Felix respond to Paul's teaching?
- 38. What question did Paul ask Agrippa II and what did Agrippa reply to Paul?
- 39. What was the name of the tempestuous wind that resulted in the shipwreck?
- 40. What prophet does Paul quote to the Jews in Rome and what does he tell them?

## **ANSWER THOROUGHLY:**

1. What is God's plan to forgive and save the alien sinner? (Be sure to give passages.)

2. What is God's plan to forgive the sins of Christians? (Be sure to give passages.)

3. Explain why it is not necessary to baptize infants.

4. Explain why it is significant that the brethren in Jerusalem gladly received Paul and those traveling with him.

5. Explain how churches are organized when completely and scripturally organized.